

Bank of Scotland plc

Q3 2024

Pillar 3 Disclosures

23 October 2024

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Basis of preparation

This report presents the interim Pillar 3 disclosures of Bank of Scotland plc ('the Bank') as at 30 September 2024.

The disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the Disclosure section of the PRA Rulebook. Pillar 3 templates required to be disclosed on a quarterly basis that have not been included in this report are listed in the table below along with the reason for exclusion.

PRA reference	Template name	Reason for exclusion
CCR7	RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the IMM	Not applicable to the Bank
MR2-B	RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA	Not applicable to the Bank
LIQ1	Quantitative information of LCR	Liquidity is managed at a DoLSub level, refer to the Lloyds Bank plc Q3 2024 Pillar 3 disclosures for further information.
LIQB	Qualitative information on LCR, which complements template LIQ1	

The information presented in this Pillar 3 report is not required to be, and has not been, subject to external audit.

Leverage and overview of risk weighted exposure amounts

LR2: Leverage ratio common disclosure (extract)

LR2		30 Sep 2024	30 Jun 2024	31 Mar 2024 ¹	31 Dec 2023
Ref	Leverage ratio				
UK-24b	Total exposure measure excluding claims on central banks	309,268	305,010	301,728	303,647
25	Leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)	4.4%	4.4%	4.6%	4.8%
UK-25a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)	4.4%	4.4%	4.6%	4.8%
UK-25c	Leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%)	4.4%	4.4%	4.5%	4.7%
Additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements – leverage ratio buffers					
27	Leverage ratio buffer (%) ²	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
UK-27b	Of which: countercyclical leverage ratio buffer (%)	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%
Additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements – disclosure of mean values					
UK-31	Average total exposure measure including claims on central banks ³	310,038	305,435	304,492	305,666
UK-32	Average total exposure measure excluding claims on central banks ³	307,443	303,257	301,850	302,695
UK-33	Average leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%) ³	4.4%	4.5%	4.7%	4.5%
UK-34	Average leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%) ³	4.4%	4.5%	4.7%	4.6%

1 Excludes profits for the preceding quarter from the total tier 1 capital position at 31 March 2024 (numerator of the leverage ratio) that remained subject to formal verification in accordance with capital regulations.

2 The additional leverage ratio buffer (ALRB) does not apply for the Bank.

3 The average UK leverage ratio is based on the average of the month end tier 1 capital position and average exposure measure over the quarter.

Leverage

The Bank's UK leverage ratio reduced to 4.4 per cent (31 Dec 2023: 4.8 per cent) primarily reflecting the reduction in total tier 1 capital and an increase in the exposure measure, reflecting an increase in lending.

OVI: Overview of risk-weighted assets

	Total RWA		Total own funds requirements
	30 Sep 2024	31 Dec 2023	30 Sep 2024
	£m	£m	£m
1 Credit risk (excluding CCR)	73,887	71,822	5,911
2 Of which the standardised approach	3,248	3,457	260
3 Of which the foundation IRB (FIRB) approach	1,413	1,563	113
4 Of which slotting approach	729	929	58
UK 4a Of which equities under the simple risk weighted approach	2,787	2,920	223
5 Of which the advanced IRB (AIRB) approach	64,709	61,956	5,177
Of which: non-credit obligation assets ¹	1,001	997	80
6 Counterparty credit risk (CCR)	200	234	16
7 Of which the standardised approach	133	162	11
UK 8b Of which credit valuation adjustment (CVA)	67	72	5
16 Securitisation exposures in the non-trading book (after the cap)	770	931	62
17 Of which SEC-IRBA approach	350	494	28
18 Of which SEC-ERBA approach (including IAA)	420	437	34
20 Position, foreign exchange and commodities risks (Market risk)	69	468	6
21 Of which the standardised approach	69	468	6
23 Operational risk	6,740	6,799	539
UK 23b Of which standardised approach	6,740	6,799	539
24 Memo: Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	2,937	3,205	235
29 Total	81,666	80,254	6,534
Pillar 2A capital requirement ²			2,136
Total capital requirement			8,670

¹ Non-credit obligation assets (IRB approach) predominately relate to other balance sheet assets that have no associated credit risk.

² As at 30 September 2024, the Pillar 2A capital requirement was around 2.6 per cent of risk-weighted assets, of which around 1.5 per cent was to be met with CET1 capital. The PRA has subsequently reduced the Bank's Pillar 2A capital requirement to around 2.0 per cent of risk-weighted assets, of which around 1.1 per cent is to be met with CET1 capital. The amended requirement is expected to apply from the fourth quarter of 2024.

Credit risk

The table below summarises the movements of risk-weighted assets for credit risk exposures under the Internal Ratings Based (IRB) Approach. The table excludes counterparty credit risk exposures, securitisation exposures, other non-credit obligation assets and equity exposures.

CR8: Risk-weighted assets flow statements of credit risk exposures

	Total RWA quarter to 30 Sep 2024	Total RWA YTD 30 Sep 2024
	£m	£m
1 Risk weighted exposure amount as at the end of previous reporting period	66,124	64,448
2 Asset size (+/-)	405	1,968
3 Asset quality (+/-)	(85)	639
5 Methodology and policy (+/-)	411	278
6 Acquisitions and disposals (+/-)	-	(474)
7 Foreign exchange movements (+/-)	(4)	(8)
9 Risk weighted exposure amount at the end of the reporting period	66,851	66,851

Key movements 30 June 2024 to 30 September 2024

- Asset size movement largely driven by growth in UK Mortgages.
- Methodology and policy movement primarily driven by further CRD IV model updates in the quarter.

Forward-looking statements

This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the business, strategy, plans and/or results of Bank of Scotland plc together with its subsidiaries (the Group) and its current goals and expectations. Statements that are not historical or current facts, including statements about the Group's or its directors' and/or management's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as, without limitation, 'believes', 'achieves', 'anticipates', 'estimates', 'expects', 'targets', 'should', 'intends', 'aims', 'projects', 'plans', 'potential', 'will', 'would', 'could', 'considered', 'likely', 'may', 'seek', 'estimate', 'probability', 'goal', 'objective', 'deliver', 'endeavour', 'prospects', 'optimistic' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements concern or may affect future matters, including but not limited to: projections or expectations of the Group's future financial position, including profit attributable to shareholders, provisions, economic profit, dividends, capital structure, portfolios, net interest margin, capital ratios, liquidity, risk-weighted assets (RWAs), expenditures or any other financial items or ratios; litigation, regulatory and governmental investigations; the Group's future financial performance; the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs; the Group's ESG targets and/or commitments; statements of plans, objectives or goals of the Group or its management and other statements that are not historical fact and statements of assumptions underlying such statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will or may occur in the future. Factors that could cause actual business, strategy, targets, plans and/or results (including but not limited to the payment of dividends) to differ materially from forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions in the UK and internationally; acts of hostility or terrorism and responses to those acts, or other such events; geopolitical unpredictability; the war between Russia and Ukraine; the conflicts in the Middle East; the tensions between China and Taiwan; political instability including as a result of any UK general election; market related risks, trends and developments; changes in client and consumer behaviour and demand; exposure to counterparty risk; the ability to access sufficient sources of capital, liquidity and funding when required; changes to the Group's credit ratings; fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, exchange rates, stock markets and currencies; volatility in credit markets; volatility in the price of the Group's securities; tightening of monetary policy in jurisdictions in which the Group operates; natural pandemic and other disasters; risks concerning borrower and counterparty credit quality; risks defined benefit pension schemes; changes in laws, regulations, practices and accounting standards or taxation; changes to regulatory capital or liquidity requirements and similar contingencies; the policies and actions of governmental or regulatory authorities or courts together with any resulting impact on the future structure of the Group; risks associated with the Group's compliance with a wide range of laws and regulations; assessment related to resolution planning requirements; risks related to regulatory actions which may be taken in the event of a bank or Group failure; exposure to legal, regulatory or competition proceedings, investigations or complaints; failure to comply with anti-money laundering, counter terrorist financing, anti-bribery and sanctions regulations; failure to prevent or detect any illegal or improper activities; operational risks including risks as a result of the failure of third party suppliers; conduct risk; technological changes and risks to the security of IT and operational infrastructure, systems, data and information resulting from increased threat of cyber and other attacks; technological failure; inadequate or failed internal or external processes or systems; risks relating to ESG matters, such as climate change (and achieving climate change ambitions) and decarbonisation, including the Group's ability along with the government and other stakeholders to measure, manage and mitigate the impacts of climate change effectively, and human rights issues; the impact of competitive conditions; failure to attract, retain and develop high calibre talent; the ability to achieve strategic objectives; the ability to derive cost savings and other benefits including, but without limitation, as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; inability to capture accurately the expected value from acquisitions; assumptions and estimates that form the basis of the Group's financial statements; and potential changes in dividend policy. A number of these influences and factors are beyond the control of the Group or any of the Group's immediate or ultimate parent entities (if applicable). Please refer to the latest Annual Report on Form 20-F filed by Lloyds Bank plc with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), which is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, for a discussion of certain factors and risks. Lloyds Banking Group plc may also make or disclose written and/or oral forward-looking statements in other written materials and in oral statements made by the directors, officers or employees of Lloyds Banking Group plc to third parties, including financial analysts. Except as required by any applicable law or regulation, the forward-looking statements contained in this document are made as of today's date, and the Group expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained in this document whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The information, statements and opinions contained in this document do not constitute a public offer under any applicable law or an offer to sell any securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or financial instruments.