

Lloyds Banking Group plc

Q1 2018 Interim Pillar 3 Report

25 April 2018

### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

This report presents the interim Pillar 3 disclosures of Lloyds Banking Group plc ('the Group') as at 31 March 2018 and should be read in conjunction with the Group's Q1 2018 Interim Management Statement.

The disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the European Banking Authority's revised guidelines:

- on Pillar 3 disclosure formats and frequency that were published in December 2016 and;
- on uniform disclosures regarding the transitional period for mitigating the impact of the introduction of IFRS 9 on own funds that were published in January 2018.

In addition to summary capital and leverage disclosures, the guidelines require specific templates to be disclosed on a quarterly basis and these are included within this report with the following exceptions:

- Disclosures required by Template CR8 (RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under the IRB approach) have been covered through the analysis of risk-weighted asset movements by key driver.
- Template CCR7 (RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the IMM) is not applicable to the Group.
- Template MR2-B (RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA) has been omitted on the grounds of materiality.

The information presented in this Pillar 3 report is not required to be, and has not been, subject to external audit.

Capital and leverage ratios reported as at 31 March 2018 incorporate profits for the quarter, less foreseeable dividends, that remain subject to formal verification in accordance with the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR).

### **FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This document contains certain forward looking statements with respect to the business, strategy, plans and/or results of Lloyds Banking Group and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition and performance. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about Lloyds Banking Group's or its directors' and/or management's beliefs and expectations, are forward looking statements. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will or may occur in the future. Factors that could cause actual business, strategy, plans and/or results (including but not limited to the payment of dividends) to differ materially from forward looking statements made by the Group or on its behalf include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions in the UK and internationally; market related trends and developments; fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, exchange rates, stock markets and currencies; the ability to access sufficient sources of capital, liquidity and funding when required; changes to the Group's credit ratings; the ability to derive cost savings and other benefits including, but without limitation as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; changing customer behaviour including consumer spending, saving and borrowing habits; changes to borrower or counterparty credit quality; instability in the global financial markets, including Eurozone instability, instability as a result of the exit by the UK from the European Union (EU) and the potential for other countries to exit the EU or the Eurozone and the impact of any sovereign credit rating downgrade or other sovereign financial issues; technological changes and risks to the security of IT and operational infrastructure, systems, data and information resulting from increased threat of cyber and other attacks; natural, pandemic and other disasters, adverse weather and similar contingencies outside the Group's control; inadequate or failed internal or external processes or systems; acts of war, other acts of hostility, terrorist acts and responses to those acts, geopolitical, pandemic or other such events; changes in laws, regulations, accounting standards or taxation, including as a result of an exit by the UK from the EU, a further possible referendum on Scottish independence; changes to regulatory capital or liquidity requirements and similar contingencies outside the Group's control; the policies, decisions and actions of governmental or regulatory authorities or courts in the UK, the EU, the US or elsewhere including the implementation and interpretation of key legislation and regulation together with any resulting impact on the future structure of the Group; the ability to attract and retain senior management and other employees and meet its diversity objectives; actions or omissions by the Group's directors, management or employees including industrial action; changes to the Group's post-retirement defined benefit scheme obligations; the extent of any future impairment charges or write-downs caused by, but not limited to, depressed asset valuations, market disruptions and illiquid markets; the value and effectiveness of any credit protection purchased by the Group; the inability to hedge certain risks economically; the adequacy of loss reserves; the actions of competitors, including non-bank financial services, lending companies and digital innovators and disruptive technologies; and exposure to regulatory or competition scrutiny, legal, regulatory or competition proceedings, investigations or complaints. Please refer to the latest Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission for a discussion of certain factors together with examples of forward looking statements. Except as required by any applicable law or regulation, the forward looking statements contained in this document are made as of today's date, and Lloyds Banking Group expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward looking statements. The information, statements and opinions contained in this document do not constitute a public offer under any applicable law or an offer to sell any securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or financial instruments.

**Key metrics (KM1) and a comparison of own funds and capital and leverage ratios with and without the application of transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 (IFRS9-FL)<sup>1</sup>**

	Q1 2018 <sup>2</sup>	Q4 2017	Q3 2017	Q2 2017	Q1 2017
<b>Available capital (amounts)</b>					
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) (£m)	29,638	29,647	30,519	29,320	30,588
CET1 capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (£m)	29,066				
Tier 1 (£m)	35,807	36,329	37,303	36,103	37,371
Tier 1 capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (£m)	35,235				
Total capital (£m)	45,436	44,659	46,010	45,203	46,763
Total capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (£m)	45,397				
<b>Risk-weighted assets (amounts)</b>					
Total risk-weighted assets (£m)	210,570	210,919	217,014	217,787	213,715
Total risk-weighted assets as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (£m)	210,821				
<b>Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA</b>					
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%) <sup>3</sup>	14.1%	14.1%	14.1%	13.5%	14.3%
CET1 ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (%)	13.8%				
Tier 1 ratio (%)	17.0%	17.2%	17.2%	16.6%	17.5%
Tier 1 ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (%)	16.7%				
Total capital ratio (%)	21.6%	21.2%	21.2%	20.8%	21.9%
Total capital ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (%)	21.5%				
<b>Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA</b>					
Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019)	1.875%	1.250%	1.250%	1.250%	1.250%
Countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0.003%	0.002%	0.002%	0.003%	0.003%
Bank G-SIB and/or D-SIB additional requirements (%)	–	–	–	–	–
Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%)	1.878%	1.252%	1.252%	1.253%	1.253%
CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements (%)	9.6%	9.6%	9.6%	9.1%	9.8%
<b>UK leverage ratio<sup>4</sup></b>					
UK leverage ratio exposure measure (£m)	656,305	657,234	663,745	667,207	664,426
UK leverage ratio (%)	5.3%	5.3%	5.4%	5.2%	5.4%
UK leverage ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied (%)	5.2%				
<b>Average Liquidity Coverage Ratio (weighted) (LCR)<sup>5</sup></b>					
Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) (£m)	121,552	124,543	126,789	132,437	133,568
Total net cash outflow (£m)	97,623	99,703	102,817	108,156	111,106
LCR ratio (%)	125%	125%	123%	123%	120%

<sup>1</sup> Further details on the Group's adoption of the transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 can be found in the Group publication entitled 'IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" Transition', published in March 2018 and located on the Group's website at <http://www.lloydsbankinggroup.com/investors/financial-performance/>. The Group has opted to apply paragraph 4 of CRR Article 473a (the 'transitional rules') which allows for additional capital relief in respect of any post 1 January 2018 increase in Stage 1 and Stage 2 IFRS 9 provisions (net of regulatory expected losses) during the transition period.

<sup>2</sup> Incorporating profits, net of foreseeable dividends, for the period that remain subject to formal verification in accordance with the Capital Requirements Regulation.

<sup>3</sup> The common equity tier 1 ratio at 31 March 2018 is 14.4 per cent prior to the accrual for foreseeable dividends. At 31 December 2017 the common equity tier 1 ratio was 13.9 per cent on a pro forma basis, reflecting the dividend paid by the Insurance business in February 2018, net of the share buyback.

<sup>4</sup> At 31 December 2017 the leverage ratio was 5.4 per cent on a pro forma basis, reflecting the dividend paid by the Insurance business in February 2018. The CRD IV leverage ratio at 31 March 2018 is 4.9 per cent (31 December 2017: 4.9 per cent).

<sup>5</sup> In March 2017 the EBA published final guidelines which specified the public disclosure requirements on the average Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR). The weighted average LCR has been calculated in accordance with these guidelines.

**CAPITAL AND LEVERAGE DISCLOSURES**

The capital and leverage information disclosed in the table below, together with the overview of risk-weighted assets disclosed on the subsequent page, are reflective of the application of IFRS 9 transitional arrangements.

	<b>Transitional</b>		<b>Fully loaded</b>	
	<b>At 31 Mar 2018</b>	<b>At 31 Dec 2017</b>	<b>At 31 Mar 2018</b>	<b>At 31 Dec 2017</b>
	<b>£m</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>£m</b>	<b>£m</b>
<b>Capital resources</b>				
Common equity tier 1				
Shareholders' equity per balance sheet <sup>1</sup>	<b>43,049</b>	43,551	<b>43,049</b>	43,551
Deconsolidation adjustments <sup>2</sup>	<b>1,823</b>	1,301	<b>1,823</b>	1,301
Other adjustments	<b>(3,283)</b>	(2,948)	<b>(3,283)</b>	(2,948)
Deductions from common equity tier 1	<b>(11,951)</b>	(12,257)	<b>(11,951)</b>	(12,257)
<b>Common equity tier 1 capital</b>	<b>29,638</b>	29,647	<b>29,638</b>	29,647
Additional tier 1 instruments	<b>7,534</b>	8,085	<b>5,330</b>	5,330
Deductions from tier 1	<b>(1,365)</b>	(1,403)	<b>–</b>	–
<b>Total tier 1 capital</b>	<b>35,807</b>	36,329	<b>34,968</b>	34,977
Tier 2 instruments and eligible provisions	<b>11,151</b>	9,846	<b>8,036</b>	6,936
Deductions from tier 2	<b>(1,522)</b>	(1,516)	<b>(2,887)</b>	(2,919)
<b>Total capital resources</b>	<b>45,436</b>	44,659	<b>40,117</b>	38,994
<b>Total risk-weighted assets</b>	<b>210,570</b>	210,919	<b>210,570</b>	210,919
<b>Leverage<sup>3</sup></b>				
Statutory balance sheet assets			<b>805,064</b>	812,109
Deconsolidation, qualifying central bank claims and other adjustments <sup>2</sup>			<b>(207,760)</b>	(213,232)
Off-balance sheet items			<b>59,001</b>	58,357
<b>Total exposure measure</b>			<b>656,305</b>	657,234
<b>Average exposure measure<sup>7</sup></b>			<b>658,305</b>	
<b>CRD IV exposure measure<sup>4</sup></b>			<b>711,976</b>	711,076
<b>Ratios</b>				
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio <sup>5</sup>	<b>14.1%</b>	14.1%	<b>14.1%</b>	14.1%
Tier 1 capital ratio	<b>17.0%</b>	17.2%	<b>16.6%</b>	16.6%
Total capital ratio	<b>21.6%</b>	21.2%	<b>19.1%</b>	18.5%
UK leverage ratio <sup>6</sup>			<b>5.3%</b>	5.3%
Average UK leverage ratio <sup>7</sup>			<b>5.3%</b>	
CRD IV leverage ratio			<b>4.9%</b>	4.9%

<sup>1</sup> Incorporating profits, net of foreseeable dividends, for the period that remain subject to formal verification in accordance with the Capital Requirements Regulation.

<sup>2</sup> Deconsolidation adjustments relate to the deconsolidation of certain Group entities for regulatory capital and leverage purposes, being primarily the Group's Insurance business.

<sup>3</sup> Calculated in accordance with the UK Leverage Ratio Framework which requires qualifying central bank claims to be excluded from the leverage exposure measure.

<sup>4</sup> Calculated in accordance with CRD IV rules which include central bank claims within the leverage exposure measure.

<sup>5</sup> The common equity tier 1 ratio at 31 March 2018 is 14.4 per cent prior to the accrual for foreseeable dividends. At 31 December 2017 the common equity tier 1 ratio was 13.9 per cent on a pro forma basis, reflecting the dividend paid by the Insurance business in February 2018, net of the share buyback.

<sup>6</sup> The countercyclical leverage buffer is currently nil. At 31 December 2017 the leverage ratio was 5.4 per cent on a pro forma basis, reflecting the dividend paid by the Insurance business in February 2018.

<sup>7</sup> The average UK leverage ratio is based on the average month end tier 1 capital position and average exposure measure over the quarter (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018). The average of 5.3 per cent is broadly in line with the ratios at the start and end of the quarter.

**Overview of risk-weighted assets (OV1)**

	At 31 Mar 2018 £m	At 31 Dec 2017 £m
<b>Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)</b>	<b>161,798</b>	160,301
Of which standardised approach	25,895	25,259
Of which the foundation rating-based (FIRB) approach	49,371	48,242
Of which the retail IRB (RIRB) approach	61,454	61,588
Of which corporates – specialised lending	11,937	11,965
Of which non-credit obligation assets	5,927	5,866
Of which equity IRB under the simple risk-weight or the internal models approach	7,214	7,381
<b>Counterparty credit risk</b>	<b>7,411</b>	7,885
Of which marked to market	5,368	5,481
Of which original exposure	–	–
Of which standardised approach	–	–
Of which internal ratings-based model method (IMM)	–	–
Of which comprehensive approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)	369	403
Of which exposures to central counterparties (including trades, default fund contributions and initial margin)	729	599
Of which credit valuation adjustment (CVA)	945	1,402
<b>Settlement risk</b>	–	–
<b>Securitisation exposures in banking book<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>4,063</b>	4,188
Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	3,108	3,167
Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	48	46
Of which internal assessment approach (IAA)	670	731
Of which standardised approach	237	244
<b>Market risk</b>	<b>2,220</b>	3,051
Of which standardised approach	311	395
Of which internal model approaches	1,909	2,656
<b>Large exposures</b>	–	–
<b>Operational risk</b>	<b>24,960</b>	25,326
Of which basic indicator approach	–	–
Of which standardised approach	24,960	25,326
Of which advanced measurement approach	–	–
<b>Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)</b>	<b>10,118</b>	10,168
<b>Floor adjustment</b>	–	–
<b>Total risk-weighted assets</b>	<b>210,570</b>	210,919
<b>Total capital requirement</b>		
<b>Pillar 1 capital requirement<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>16,846</b>	16,874
<b>Pillar 2A capital requirement<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>11,294</b>	11,306
<b>Total capital requirement</b>	<b>28,140</b>	28,180

<sup>1</sup> Securitisations are shown separately in the table but are included within credit risk in the movements by key driver analysis.

<sup>2</sup> The Pillar 1 capital requirement is calculated as 8 per cent of aggregated risk-weighted assets.

<sup>3</sup> The Pillar 2A capital requirement is currently calculated as 5.4 per cent of aggregated risk-weighted assets, of which 3.0 per cent must be met with CET1 capital.

**Risk-weighted asset movements by key driver**

	<b>Credit risk IRB £m</b>	<b>Credit risk STA £m</b>	<b>Credit risk<sup>1</sup> £m</b>	<b>Counterparty credit risk<sup>2</sup> £m</b>	<b>Market risk £m</b>	<b>Operational risk £m</b>	<b>Total £m</b>
<b>Total risk-weighted assets as at 31 December 2017</b>							210,919
Less total threshold risk-weighted assets <sup>3</sup>							(10,168)
<b>Risk-weighted assets as at 31 December 2017</b>	138,986	25,503	164,489	7,885	3,051	25,326	200,751
Asset size	1,383	447	<b>1,830</b>	<b>105</b>	-	-	<b>1,935</b>
Asset quality	(393)	27	<b>(366)</b>	<b>(650)</b>	-	-	<b>(1,016)</b>
Model updates	462	-	<b>462</b>	-	<b>(719)</b>	-	<b>(257)</b>
Methodology and policy	(14)	195	<b>181</b>	-	-	-	<b>181</b>
Acquisitions and disposals	(53)	-	<b>(53)</b>	-	-	-	<b>(53)</b>
Movements in risk levels (market risk only)	-	-	-	-	<b>(112)</b>	-	<b>(112)</b>
Foreign exchange movements	(642)	(40)	<b>(682)</b>	<b>71</b>	-	-	<b>(611)</b>
Other	-	-	-	-	-	<b>(366)</b>	<b>(366)</b>
<b>Risk-weighted assets as at 31 March 2018</b>	139,729	26,132	<b>165,861</b>	<b>7,411</b>	<b>2,220</b>	<b>24,960</b>	<b>200,452</b>
Threshold risk-weighted assets <sup>3</sup>							<b>10,118</b>
<b>Total risk-weighted assets as at 31 March 2018</b>							<b>210,570</b>

<sup>1</sup> Credit risk includes movements in securitisation risk-weighted assets.

<sup>2</sup> Counterparty credit risk includes movements in contributions to the default fund of central counterparties and movements in credit valuation adjustment risk.

<sup>3</sup> Threshold risk-weighted assets reflect the element of significant investments and deferred tax assets that are permitted to be risk-weighted instead of being deducted from CET1 capital. Significant investments primarily arise from investments in the Group's Insurance business.

The risk-weighted assets movement table provides analysis of the reduction in risk-weighted assets in the period by risk type and an insight into the key drivers of the movements. The key driver analysis is compiled on a monthly basis through the identification and categorisation of risk-weighted asset movements and is subject to management judgment.

There has been a modest reduction in risk-weighted assets in the quarter largely driven by foreign exchange and yield curve movements.

- Asset size includes changes in book size (both drawn and undrawn balances) and composition, excluding acquisitions and disposals.
- Asset quality captures movements due to changes in borrower risk, including changes in the economic environment.
- Model updates reflect changes due to model implementation or scope.
- Methodology and policy movements are driven by methodological changes in calculations.
- Movements in risk levels reflect position changes (market risk only).
- Foreign exchange movements arise from foreign currency translation movements.

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