



Group Overview



Simple group structure with multiple issuance points





Ring-Fenced Bank Sub Group shown as at Q1 2021, other entities as at FY 2020.

Solid business momentum in Q1 with improved economic outlook



- Continued support for customers and businesses across our Helping Britain Recover focus areas
- Solid financial performance in Q1 as business continues to recover
- · Balance sheet momentum driven by £6bn growth in open mortgage book lending
- Strong capital position with 16.7% CET 1 ratio; 54bps of capital build in the quarter
- Strategic Review 2021 delivering momentum on key initiatives
- 2021 guidance enhanced given improved operating environment, though uncertainties remain

Strong start on delivering Strategic Review 2021





Pay As You Grow and Recovery Loan Scheme launched to support

Helping Britain Recover

>6,500 colleagues trained to support customers in **building financial** resilience

customers

On track for £10bn first time buyer mortgages in 2021 (Q1: £3.8bn)

Founding member of the **Net Zero Banking Alliance**

Building an inclusive organisation with >8,000 enrolled on new Line

Manager Race Education training

Customer ambitions

Preferred financial partner for personal customers:

- £6bn open book mortgage growth
- c.75% increase¹ in Schroders Personal Wealth introductions
- New Halifax branded digital-first protection product launched

Best bank for business:

- Business Finance Assistant accounting proposition extended;
 >130% increase in users in Q1
- Improved ranking across core Markets products from 10th to 6th²

Enhanced capabilities

Modernised technology architecture: Mobile app NPS of 74, +5pts vs. FY 2020 average

Integrated payments: c.50% increase in clients onboarded to Cash Management & Payments platform

Data-driven organisation: Deposit balance management enhanced through embedding the use of **advanced analytics techniques**

Reimagined ways of working:

Preparing for pilot use of above branch 'community offices' to offer flexible work spaces



Financial Update



Solid financial performance, ahead of expectations



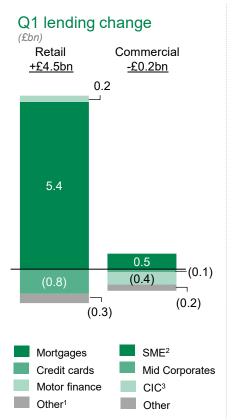
Q1 2021

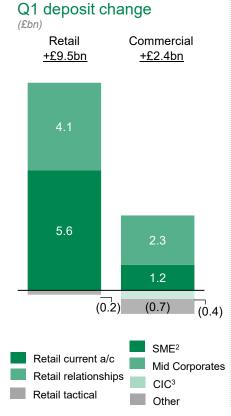
£3.7bn (7)% / +2% 52.3% +2.6pp / (7.6)pp £1.7bn (12)% / +21%
+2.6pp / (7.6)pp £1.7bn (12)% / +21%
(12)% / +21%
£323m
£323111
£1.9bn
13.9%
52.4p
16.7%

- Net income recovering
 - NII of £2.7bn; Q1 NIM of 2.49% and AIEAs of £439bn, both ahead of our expectations
 - Other income of £1.1bn
- Total costs of £1.9bn, 2% lower year on year
- Underlying asset quality remains strong. Impairment credit of £323m driven by release of £459m given improved economic outlook
- Statutory profit before tax of £1.9bn
- Strong balance sheet and capital build
 - Open mortgage book growth of £6.0bn in Q1
 - Deposit growth of £11.7bn
 - 16.7% CET1, with capital build of 54bps
- 2021 guidance enhanced

Continued franchise growth



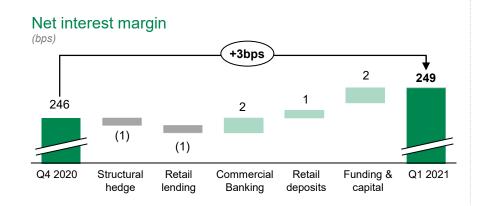




- Total mortgage balances up £5.4bn to £299.2bn, driven by £6bn increase in open mortgage book
- Unsecured balances down c.£1bn and Commercial Banking balances broadly flat
- Retail deposits up £9.5bn, reflecting continued low spend and inflows to trusted brands
- Low single-digit percentage growth in AIEAs is now expected in 2021
 - Continued mortgage strength in Q2
 - Modest recovery in unsecured balance in H2
 - Further optimisation in Commercial Banking

Resilient income with improved margins



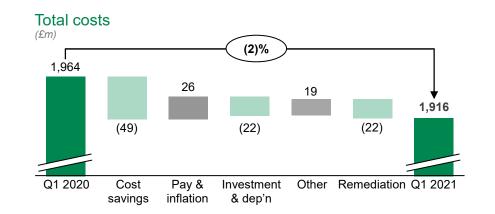


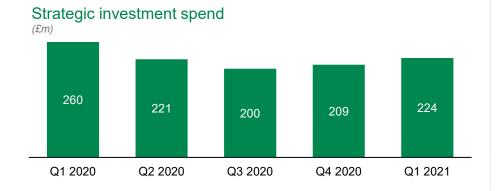


- NII of £2.7bn in line with Q4 2020
- Q1 NIM of 2.49% and AIEAs of £439bn
- Structural hedge notional balance increased £21bn to £207bn; c.£40bn of maturities remaining in 2021
 - WAL now c.3.5 years (2020: c.2.5 years)
 - Capacity increased to £225bn, reflecting increased deposits and continued strong current account growth
 - 2021 hedge income now expected to be c.£300m lower than 2020
- 2021 NIM now expected to be in excess of 245bps
- Other income of £1.1bn, impacted by lockdown
 - Gradual recovery expected in line with activity and investment

Operating costs continue to provide competitive advantage







- Total costs of £1.9bn down 2% with operating costs 1% lower
 - Sustained cost discipline
- Strategic investment spend of £0.2bn on track for £0.9bn target
 - Continued focus on strategic priorities including technology and data
- Operating costs to reduce to c.£7.5 billion in 2021
 - Including net Covid-related costs and compensation headwinds in 2021 of £100m to £150m

Strong asset quality and improved economic outlook resulting in impairment release in the quarter



Impairment (£m)	Q1 21	Q1 20	YoY change
Charges pre-updated MES ¹	209	368	(159)
Retail	321	325	(4)
Commercial Banking	(111)	52	(163)
Other	(1)	(9)	8
Coronavirus impacted restructuring cases ²	(73)	218	(291)
Updated economic outlook	(459)	844	(1,303)
Retail	(240)	564	(804)
Commercial Banking	(219)	280	(499)
Total impairment (credit) / charge	(323)	1,430	(1,753)

Expected credit loss	Upside (30%)	Base Case (30%)	Downside (30%)	Severe downside (10%)	Prob. -weighted
Dec-20	£5,766m	£6,354m	£7,468m	£9,838m	£6,860m
Mar-21	£5,256m	£5,779m	£6,753m	£8,900m	£6,226m

- · Asset quality strong with new to arrears stable
 - Retail credit experience remains benign and in line with pre-Covid levels
 - Commercial credit performance robust, benefitting from improved restructuring outcomes and lower defaults
- Impairment credit of £323m including ECL³ release of £459m given improved economic outlook
 - Peak unemployment forecast reduced from 8% to 7%
 - HPI fall in 2021 reduced from c.(4)% to c.(1)%
- Stock of ECL reduced to £6.2bn, £2bn higher than year-end 2019
 - Covid management judgements retained, now c.£1.0bn including £400m central overlay
- Based on current economic assumptions, FY 2021 net AQR now expected to be below 25bps

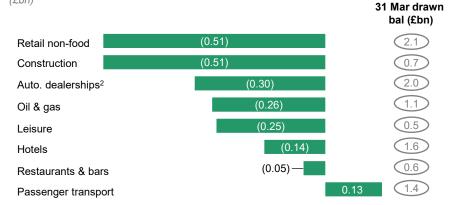
^{1 -} Multiple economic scenarios. 2 - Further (releases) / charges on existing material cases in restructuring at the end of 2019 where coronavirus has directly hampered the recovery strategy. 3 - Expected credit loss. 11

Credit quality remains strong with new to arrears stable









- Observed credit experience remains benign, with support schemes effective
- Strong performance on Retail payment holidays with 95% now fully matured; of which 94% repaying
- c.70% of Commercial exposure³ at investment grade
- New to Business Support Unit levels remain in line with pre-crisis levels
- Supporting Commercial clients; selectively managing lending in key coronavirus-impacted sectors
 - Exposure to key coronavirus-impacted sectors remains modest at c.2% of Group lending
 - Net reduction of c.£1.9bn⁴ in lending utilisation of key coronavirus-impacted sectors since March 2020
- New to arrears levels forecast to increase later in 2021 consistent with economic outlook, but remain well provisioned

^{1 –} Lending classified using ONS SIC codes at legal entity level. Net lending utilisation change from Q1 2020 to Q1 2021. Balances exclude c.£1.0bn of BBLs/CBILS lending. 2 – Automotive dealerships includes Black Horse Motor Wholesale lending (within Retail). 3 – Commercial Banking excluding SME. 4 – Excluding BBLs/CBILS.

Solid business momentum in Q1 with enhanced 2021 guidance



- Helping Britain Recover: continued support for customers
- Strategic Review 2021 delivering momentum
- Solid financial performance with balance sheet momentum
- Strong capital position with 16.7% CET 1 ratio
- 2021 guidance enhanced, though uncertainties remain

2021 guidance based on Group's current economic assumptions:

- Net interest margin now expected to be in excess of 245bps
- Operating costs to reduce to c.£7.5 billion
- Net asset quality ratio now expected to be below 25bps
- RWAs to be broadly stable on 2020
- Statutory RoTE now expected to be between 8% and 10%, excluding c.2.5pp benefit from tax rate changes

Targeting medium term statutory RoTE in excess of cost of equity



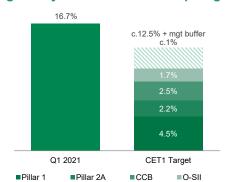
Capital, Funding & Liquidity



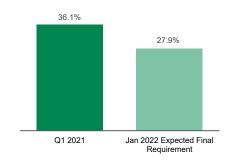
Robust metrics across Capital, Funding & Liquidity



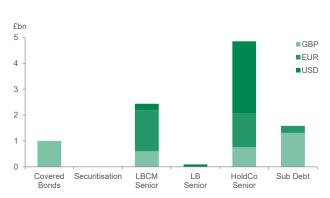
Significant CET1 headroom to regulatory minimum and Group target



MREL strongly positioned - c.830bps above expected requirement



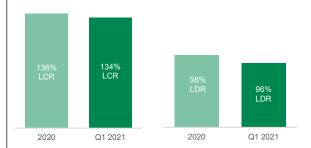
£9.9bn of issuance in 2020



2021 Issuance plan expected to be less than £10bn

AT1	Tier 2
No near-term plans	No near-term plans
HoldCo Senior Limited to refinancing	OpCo Minimal LB plc need but expect some LBCM funding

Strong liquidity metrics through the pandemic



Strong credit ratings

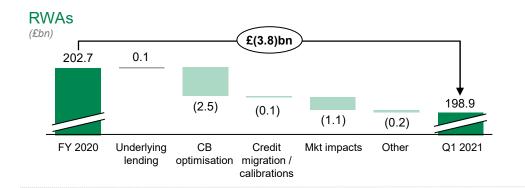
Lloyds Banking Group A3 / BBB+ / A+ Neg / Neg / Neg

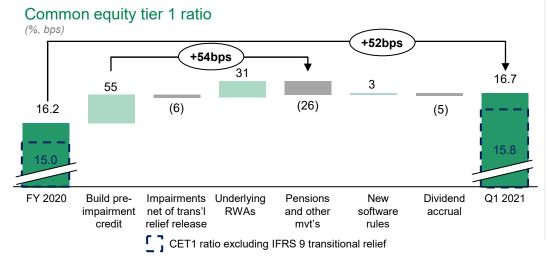
Lloyds Bank, Bank of Scotland	Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets	Scottish Widows
A1 / A+ / A+	A1 / A / A+	A2 / - / AA-
Sta / Neg / Neg	Sta / Neg / Neg	Sta / - / Neg

Ratings shown as Moody's/S&P/Fitch

RWAs lower with strong capital build in the quarter





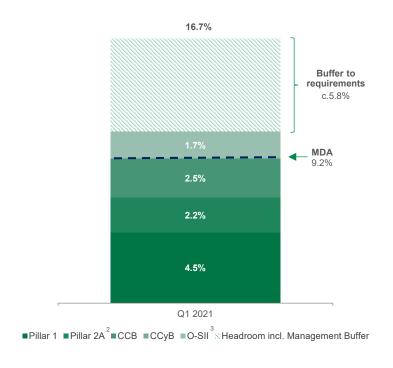


- RWAs reduced by £3.8bn, primarily driven by optimisation activity
- Limited credit migration given quality of book
- 2021 RWAs to be broadly stable on 2020
 - Headwinds from regulatory changes to increase RWAs in 2022
- CET 1 increased to 16.7% reflecting capital build of 54bps
 - 16.2% excluding software intangible benefit
- TNAV of 52.4p
- Accruing dividends with intention to resume progressive and sustainable ordinary dividend policy
 - Interim dividends will be considered at H1 2021 subject to PRA update

Increased headroom over capital requirements



Common equity tier 1 ratio 1

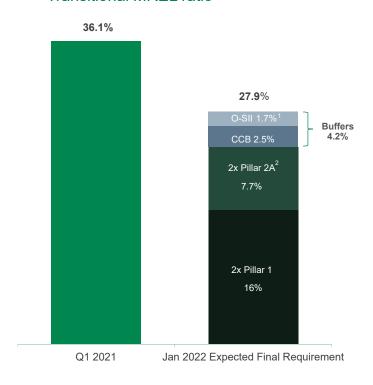


- CCyB confirmed at 0% until at least Q4 2021; earliest implementation of any change now Q4 2022
- O-SII buffer (formerly Systemic Risk Buffer)
 maintained at current rate prior to reassessment in
 Dec 2022; earliest implementation of any change now
 January 2024
- Group Pillar 2A reduced over 2020 and set in nominal terms for 2021, providing stability of requirements should RWAs increase in stress

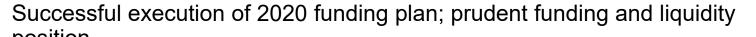
Well positioned for end-state MREL requirements



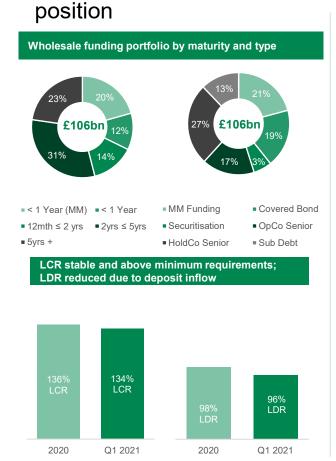
Transitional MREL ratio

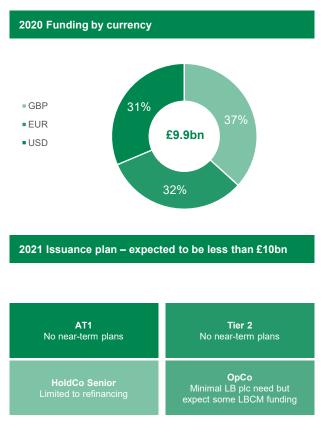


- Strongly positioned with total capital ratio of 23.0% and MREL ratio of 36.1%; c.£1.4bn of MREL eligible senior unsecured issued in Q1 2021
- BoE Resolvability timeline unchanged at 1 Jan 2022; the BoE has commenced a review of the current MREL framework and expects to consult on proposed changes during the year with a view to setting final end-state requirements from 1 January 2022
- 2021 HoldCo issuance focused on meeting requirements and funding needs, including prudent buffers, at each legal entity level









- Average LCR remains comfortably above regulatory minimum at 134%, with liquidity pool increasing to £143bn
- Loan to deposit ratio reduced to 96% due to continued deposit inflows
- · c.£1.5bn equivalent issued YTD
- c.£8.7bn TFSME drawn with c.£5bn repaid in Q1; access to over £40bn has reduced near-term funding needs
- Continue to expect 2021 issuance to be less than £10bn; annual steady state funding remains £15-20bn

Credit ratings remain strong, with negative pressures due to the pandemic



		HoldCo	Ring-Fenced Bank	Non-Ring- Fenced Bank	
	UK Sovereign	Lloyds Banking Group ¹	Lloyds Bank, Bank of Scotland	Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets¹	Commentary
Standard and Poor's	AA / Sta	BBB+ / A-2 / Neg	A+/A-1/Neg	A / A-1 / Neg	While negative outlooks remain on most UK banks in light of the potential earnings, asset quality and capitalisation pressures arising as a result of the coronavirus pandemic, S&P see room for cautious optimism over the shape of the UK's economic recovery
Moody's	Aa3 / Sta	A3 / P-2 / Neg	A1 / P-1 / Sta	A1 / P-1 / Sta	UK banking system remains on negative outlook reflecting Moody's view that Brexit- related disruption will slow the UK's economic recovery from the coronavirus contraction
Fitch	AA- / Neg	A+/F1/Neg	A+/F1/Neg	A+ / F1 / Neg	 In February 2021, Fitch reviewed the ratings of the Group, RFB and NRFB, reaffirming all existing ratings and outlooks Negative outlooks on most UK banks remain, citing concerns around the impact of the coronavirus pandemic

1 – Bank ratings shown are LT / ST / Outlook.



Appendix



Significant progress across our ESG ambitions







- Ambitious goal to help reduce emissions we finance by >50% by 2030, on path to net zero by 2050 or sooner
- Developed three new operational climate pledges including net zero carbon operations by 2030
- Calculated initial estimate of our 2018 financed emissions baseline covering c.70% of Group's balance sheet¹
- Through Scottish Widows announced >£440m divestment from companies that fail to meet our ESG standards
- Founding member of Net Zero Banking Alliance



- Launched our Race Action Plan to help drive cultural change, recruitment and progression across the Group
- First FTSE100 company to set a public goal for senior roles held by Black colleagues (3% by 2025)
- Developed new gender and ethnic diversity aspirations for colleagues in senior roles
- >£51m total community investment, including £25.5m for our four independent charitable
 Foundations
- Building an inclusive organisation with >8,000 enrolled on new Line Manager Race Education training



- Comprehensive shareholder engagement incl. Board Governance Event and retail investor briefing
- Employee engagement at all-time high at 81% reflecting continued support to colleagues
- YE 2020 ESG Report, including enhanced TCFD disclosures and new SASB index

ESG Ratings improved over 2020

- MSCI rating improved to AA from BBB
- Sustainalytics score improved to 23.3 from 24.4 (medium risk)

Prudent economic scenarios



Scenario	ECL (£m)
Upside (30%)	5,256
Base case (30%)	5,779
Downside (30%)	6,753
Severe downside (10%)	8,900
Probability- weighted ECL	6,226

			Cu	rrent scenario (70/\		_
Economic measure	2021	Change since FY 2020 ¹	2022	2023	2024	2025	2021-25
GDP	5.7	2.0	4.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	2.8
Interest rate	0.81	(0.33)	1.19	0.98	1.20	1.43	1.12
Unemployment rate	4.9	(0.5)	4.9	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.5
HPI growth	0.8	2.2	4.0	6.0	4.3	3.6	3.7
CRE price growth	9.3	0.0	4.8	2.3	(0.4)	(0.4)	3.1
GDP	5.0	2.0	5.0	1.6	1.3	1.3	2.8
Interest rate	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.21	0.44	0.69	0.31
Unemployment rate	6.0	(0.8)	6.2	5.4	5.0	4.8	5.5
HPI growth	(0.8)	3.0	0.5	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.1
CRE price growth	(1.8)	(0.1)	1.9	1.5	0.8	0.6	0.6
GDP	4.5	2.8	4.2	1.4	1.1	1.3	2.5
Interest rate	0.12	0.06	0.12	0.09	0.17	0.33	0.17
Unemployment rate	6.9	(1.0)	7.7	6.9	6.3	5.9	6.8
HPI growth	(4.1)	4.3	(6.9)	(5.2)	(3.9)	(2.2)	(4.5)
CRE price growth	(9.0)	1.6	(4.0)	(0.6)	0.0	0.9	(2.6)
GDP	2.8	2.5	3.4	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.0
Interest rate	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.03
Unemployment rate	8.4	(1.5)	10.0	9.0	8.1	7.4	8.6
HPI growth	(5.9)	5.2	(11.7)	(10.7)	(7.9)	(4.1)	(8.1)
CRE price growth	(19.8)	1.6	(11.3)	(4.7)	(1.0)	1.1	(7.5)

1 – Changes only shown for 2021 measures.

Modest reduction in coverage reflecting updated economic outlook



	L&A to Coverage¹ (excl. Recoveries) Customers				Q4 2020 Coverage	Total ECL	Net ECL increase /	P&L charge /	Write- offs &	ECL	Write-offs & Other	
(£m)	(£bn)	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Total ¹	Q1 2021	(decrease)	(credit)	Other	Q4 2020	2020 Q1
Retail	359.3	0.2%	4.3%	22.7%	1.1%	1.1%	3,843	(165)	81	(246)	4,008	(353)
UK Mortgages	300.7	0.0%	2.1%	15.1%	0.5%	0.5%	1,518	(87)	(72)	(15)	1,605	(31)
Cards	14.2	1.8%	16.7%	59.7%	6.3%	6.4%	894	(64)	28	(92)	958	(129)
Loans & Overdrafts	9.4	2.7%	23.2%	64.7%	7.6%	7.6%	707	(8)	108	(116)	715	(127)
Motor	15.4	1.4%	7.6%	66.8%	3.3%	3.3%	503	2	11	(9)	501	(46)
Other	19.6	0.3%	9.6%	40.2%	1.1%	1.2%	221	(8)	6	(14)	229	(20)
Commercial	87.4	0.4%	5.0%:	34.5%	2.2%	2.7%	1,932	(470)	(403)	(67)	2,402	(39)
Other ²	55.3	0.7%	3.0%	24.2%	0.8%	0.7%	451	1	(1)	2	450	(1)
Total	502.1	0.3%	4.4%	27.1%	1.2%	1.4%	6,226	(634)	(323)	(311)	6,860	(393)

Continued low mortgage LTVs



		2020 ¹	2010 ¹			
	Mainstream	Buy to let	Specialist	Total	Total	Total
Average LTVs	42.7%	49.9%	40.5%	43.7%	43.5%	55.6%
New business LTVs	62.2%	60.3%	n/a	61.9%	63.9%	60.9%
≤ 80% LTV	90.2%	98.9%	94.8%	91.9%	91.6%	57.0%
>80–90% LTV	9.4%	0.7%	1.8%	7.6%	7.8%	16.2%
>90-100% LTV	0.2%	0.1%	1.0%	0.2%	0.3%	13.6%
>100% LTV	0.2%	0.3%	2.4%	0.3%	0.3%	13.2%
Value >80% LTV	£23.5bn	£0.5bn	£0.5bn	£24.5bn	£24.9bn	£146.6bn
Value >100% LTV	£0.4bn	£0.1bn	£0.3bn	£0.8bn	£1.0bn	£44.9bn
Gross lending	£239bn	£51bn	£11bn	£301bn	£295bn	£341bn

^{1 -} Q1 2021 and 2020 LTVs use Markit's 2019 Halifax HPI; 2010 LTVs use Markit's pre-2019 Halifax HPI and include TSB.

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Forward looking statements



This document contains certain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the business, strategy, plans and/or results of Lloyds Banking Group plc together with its subsidiaries (the Group) and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition and performance. Statements that are not historical or current facts, including statements about the Group's or its directors' and/or management's beliefs and expectations, are forward looking statements. Words such as 'believes', 'achieves', 'anticipates', 'estimates', 'expects', 'fargets', 'should', 'intends', 'aims', 'projects', 'plans', 'potential', 'will', 'would', 'considered', 'likely', 'may', 'seek', 'estimate' and variations of these words and similar future or conditional expressions are intended to identify forward looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Examples of such forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements or guidance relating to: projections or expectations of the Group's future financial position including profit attributable to shareholders, provisions, economic profit, dividends, capital structure, portfolios, net interest margin, capital ratios, liquidity, risk-weighted assets (RWAs), expenditures or any other financial items or ratios; litigation, regulatory and governmental investigations; the Group's future financial performance; the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs; statements of plans, objectives or goals of the Group or its management including in respect of statements about the future business and economic environments in the UK and elsewhere including, but not limited to, future trends in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit and equity market levels and demographic developments; statements about competition, regulation, disposals and consolidation or technological developments in the financial services industry; and statements of assumptions underlying such statements. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will or may occur in the future. Factors that could cause actual business, strategy, plans and/or results (including but not limited to the payment of dividends) to differ materially from forward looking statements made by the Group or on its behalf include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions in the UK and internationally; market related trends and developments; fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, exchange rates, stock markets and currencies; any impact of the transition from IBORs to alternative reference rates; the ability to access sufficient sources of capital, liquidity and funding when required; changes to the Group's credit ratings; the ability to derive cost savings and other benefits including, but without limitation, as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; potential changes in dividend policy; the ability to achieve strategic objectives; the Group's ESG targets and/or commitments; changing customer behaviour including consumer spending, saving and borrowing habits; changes to borrower or counterparty credit quality impacting the recoverability and value of balance sheet assets; concentration of financial exposure; management and monitoring of conduct risk; exposure to counterparty risk (including but not limited to third parties conducting illegal activities without the Group's knowledge); instability in the global financial markets, including Eurozone instability, instability as a result of uncertainty surrounding the exit by the UK from the European Union (EU) and the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement, instability as a result of the potential for other countries to exit the EU or the Eurozone, and the impact of any sovereign credit rating downgrade or other sovereign financial issues; political instability including as a result of any UK general election and any further possible referendum on Scottish independence: technological changes and risks to the security of IT and operational infrastructure, systems, data and information resulting from increased threat of cyber and other attacks; natural, pandemic (including but not limited to the COVID-19 pandemic) and other disasters, adverse weather and similar contingencies outside the Group's control; inadequate or failed internal or external processes or systems; acts of war, other acts of hostility, terrorist acts and responses to those acts, or other such events; geopolitical unpredictability; risks relating to sustainability and climate change, including the Group's ability along with the government and other stakeholders to manage and mitigate the impacts of climate change effectively; changes in laws, regulations, practices and accounting standards or taxation, including as a result of the UK's exit from the EU; changes to regulatory capital or liquidity requirements (including regulatory measures to restrict distributions to address potential capital and liquidity stress) and similar contingencies outside the Group's control; the policies, decisions and actions of governmental or regulatory authorities or courts in the UK, the EU, the US or elsewhere including the implementation and interpretation of key laws. legislation and regulation together with any resulting impact on the future structure of the Group; the ability to attract and retain senior management and other employees and meet its diversity objectives; actions or omissions by the Group's directors, management or employees including industrial action; changes in the Group's ability to develop sustainable finance products and the Group's capacity to measure the climate impact from its financing activity, which may affect the Group's ability to achieve its climate ambition; changes to the Group's post-retirement defined benefit scheme obligations; the extent of any future impairment charges or write-downs caused by, but not limited to, depressed asset valuations, market disruptions and illiquid markets; the value and effectiveness of any credit protection purchased by the Group; the inability to hedge certain risks economically; the adequacy of loss reserves; the actions of competitors, including non-bank financial services, lending companies and digital innovators and disruptive technologies; and exposure to regulatory or competition scrutiny, legal, regulatory or competition proceedings, investigations or complaints. Please refer to the latest Annual Report on Form 20-F filed by Lloyds Banking Group plc with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), which is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, for a discussion of certain factors and risks. Lloyds Banking Group plc may also make or disclose written and/or oral forward looking statements in reports filed with or furnished to the SEC. Llovds Banking Group plc annual reviews, half-year announcements, proxy statements, offering circulars, prospectuses, press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by the directors, officers or employees of Lloyds Banking Group plc to third parties, including financial analysts. Except as required by any applicable law or regulation, the forward looking statements contained in this document are made as of today's date, and the Group expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward looking statements contained in this document to reflect any change in the Group's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based. The information, statements and opinions contained in this document do not constitute a public offer under any applicable law or an offer to sell any securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or financial instruments.