

Leading UK digital bank and integrated financial services provider



Lloyds Banking Group

Retail

Consumer Relationships

Current accounts

- Savings accounts
- Mass affluent proposition

Consumer Lending

- Mortgages
- Credit cards
- Personal loans
- Motor finance

Commercial

Business & Commercial Banking

- Business loans
- Transactional banking
- Working capital
- Merchant services

Corporate & Institutional Banking

- Lending & debt capital markets
- Cash liquidity
- Risk management

Insurance, Pensions & Investments

- Home, motor, and pet protection
- Workplace pensions, direct to consumer pensions, retirement
- Ready-Made investments, Sharedealing



































Confident in our outlook



Purpose

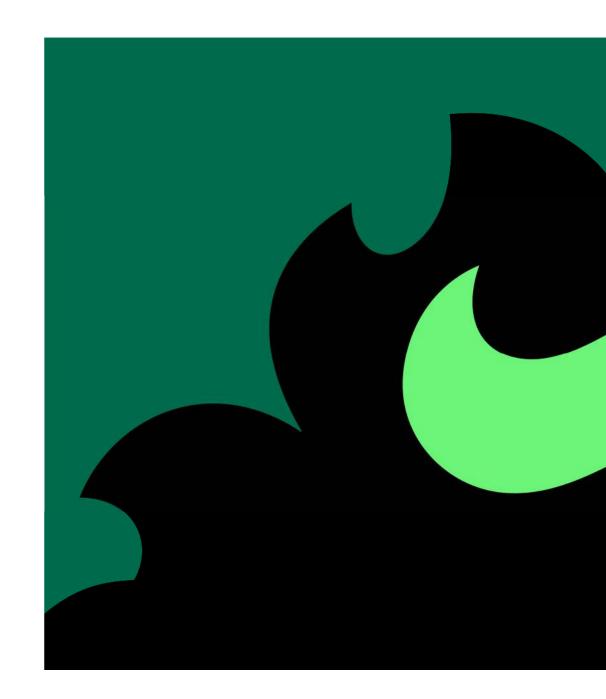
Helping Britain Prosper

Purpose driven strategy delivering for customers and wider stakeholders

Sustained strength in financial performance

Confident in 2025 and 2026 guidance

Financial Update



Sustained strength in financial performance



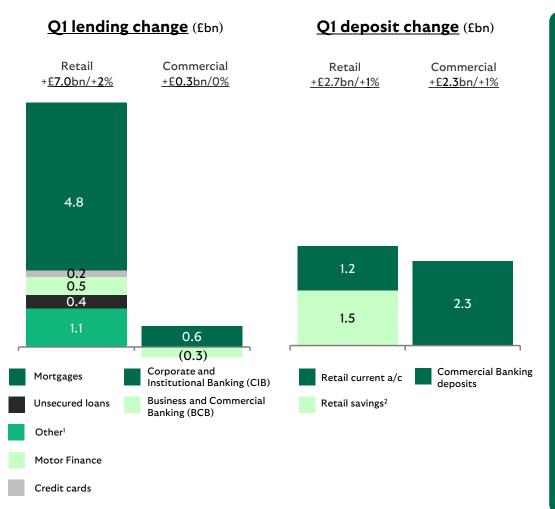
Financial performance (£m)

	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q 0 Q %	Q1 2024	YoY %
Net interest income	3,294	3,276	1	3,184	3
Other income	1,452	1,433	1	1,340	8
Operating lease depreciation	(355)	(331)	(7)	(283)	(25)
Net income	4,391	4,378	-	4,241	4
Operating costs	(2,550)	(2,450)	(4)	(2,402)	(6)
Remediation	-	(775)		(25)	
Total costs incl. remediation	(2,550)	(3,225)	21	(2,427)	(5)
Underlying profit before impairment	1,841	1,153	60	1,814	1
Impairment charge	(309)	(160)	(93)	(57)	
Underlying profit	1,532	993	54	1,757	(13)
Statutory profit after tax	1,134	700	62	1,215	(7)
Net interest margin	3.03%	2.97%	6bps	2.95%	8bps
Return on tangible equity	12.6%	7.1%	5.5pp	13.3%	(0.7)pp
Earnings per share	1.7p	1.0p	0.7p	1.7p	
TNAV per share	54.4p	52.4p	2.0p	51.2p	<i>3.2p</i>
Pro forma CET1 ratio	13.5%	13.5%	-	13.9%	(0.4)pp

- Statutory PAT £1.1bn; RoTE 12.6%
- Income momentum: Net income £4.4bn, up 4% YoY
- Costs tracking as planned: Operating costs £2.6bn, up 6%
 YoY due to in year timing of severance
- Resilient asset quality: £309m impairment, 27bps AQR
- Growth in TNAV per share to 54.4p, up 2.0p vs. Q4
- Capital generation of 27bps, strong underlying build impacted by severance and temporary RWA increase
- CET1 ratio 13.5%

Strong growth in lending and deposits

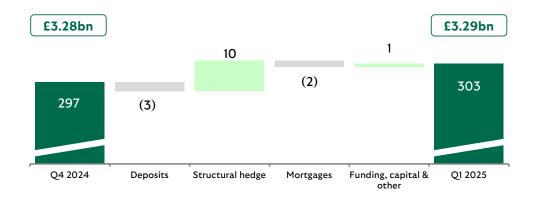




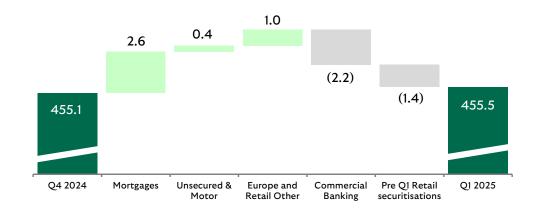
- Lending £466.2bn, up £7.1bn or 2% in Q1; up 4% YoY
 - Mortgages up £4.8bn QoQ, with significant demand ahead of stamp duty change
 - o Growth in Cards, Loans, Motor and European Retail
 - Commercial up £0.3bn, net of £0.5bn CBILS/BBLS repayments
- Deposits £487.7bn, up £5.0bn or 1% in Q1; up 4% YoY
 - Retail up £2.7bn QoQ, after seasonal tax payments, with growth in both PCA and Savings
 - o Commercial up £2.3bn, including short-term deposits
- £0.8bn IP&I open book net new money AuA

Continued NII growth

Net interest income and banking net interest margin (£bn, bps)



Average interest earning assets (£bn)

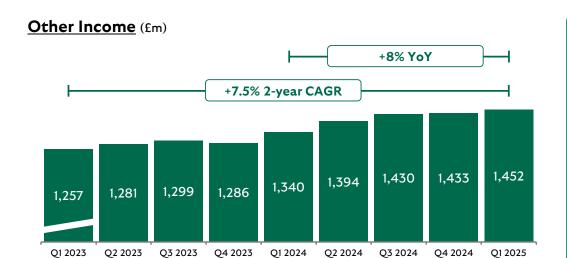




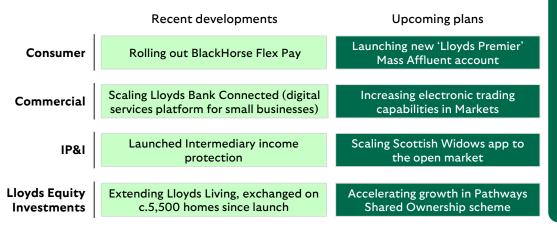
- NII £3.3bn, up 1% QoQ and 3% YoY
 - NIM 303bps, up 6bps QoQ, with strong hedge tailwind more than offsetting mortgage and deposit headwinds
 - o Hedge income of £1.2bn; notional unchanged
 - o Non-banking NII charge £112m
- AIEAs £455.5bn, lending back-end loaded in Q1 and reduced lending to banks
- Continue to expect 2025 NII of c.£13.5bn

Broad based momentum in OOI





Illustrative OOI progression

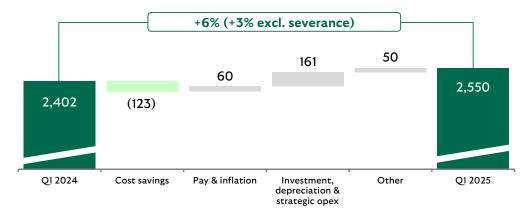


- Other income £1.5bn, up 8% YoY; broad based momentum
 - Strength YoY in Motor and General Insurance and QoQ in CIB
- Continued strategic progress, including roll out of new propositions supporting OOI growth
- Op. lease depreciation £355m, higher QoQ given volume growth, higher value vehicles and lower gains on disposal

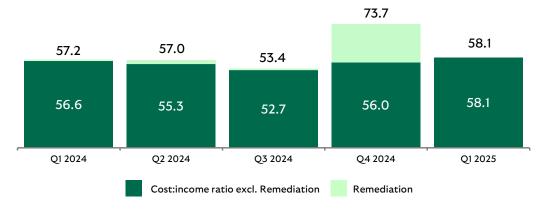
Costs tracking as planned



Operating costs (£bn)



Cost:income ratio (%)



- Operating costs £2.6bn, up 6% or 3% excl. severance
 - Severance front-loaded (up c.£80m YoY) as planned
 - o BAU costs flat, investment costs higher
 - o Q1 includes annual BoE charge of c.£0.1bn
- Continue to expect 2025 operating costs c.£9.7bn
- No net Q1 remediation charge

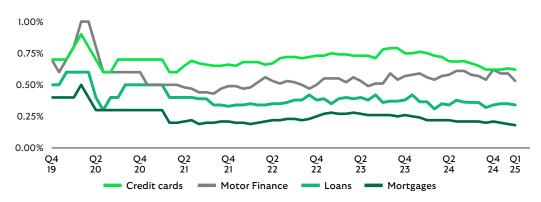
Resilient asset quality



Impairment (£m)

	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	QoQ £m	Q1 2024	YoY £m
Charge (credit) pre updated MES ¹	274	230	44	249	25
Retail	204	197	7	303	(99)
Commercial Banking	71	32	<i>39</i>	(49)	120
Other	(1)	1	(2)	(5)	4
Updated economic outlook	35	(70)	105	(192)	227
Retail	(90)	(63)	(27)	(196)	106
Commercial Banking	25	(7)	<i>32</i>	4	21
Central adjustment	100	-	100	-	100
Total impairment charge/(credit)	309	160	149	57	252

Retail new to arrears (3 month rolling average, %)



- Resilient asset quality, reflecting prudent lending and healthy customer behaviours
 - Arrears low and stable across our portfolios
- Q1 impairment charge £309m, AQR 27bps
 - o Pre-MES¹ AQR 24bps; with stable underlying charge
 - £35m net MES charge including £100m central adjustment for potential tariff related risks, partly offset by HPI & wage growth benefits
- Stock of ECL £3.7bn, c.£450m above base case
- Continue to expect 2025 AQR c.25bps

Confident in our outlook



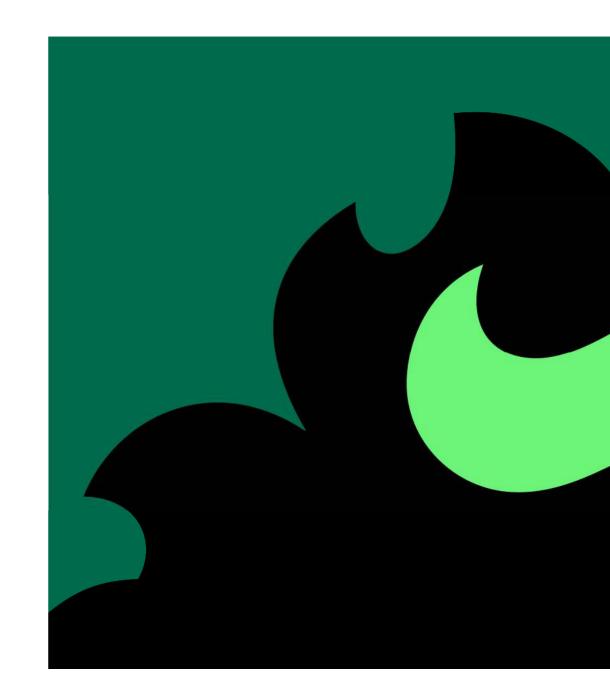
Helping Britain Prosper Purpose driven strategy delivering for customers and wider stakeholders

Sustained strength in financial performance

Confident in 2025 and 2026 guidance:

	2025	2026		
Net interest income	c.£13.5bn			
Operating costs	c.£9.7bn	<50% CIR		
Asset quality	c.25bps			
RoTE	c.13.5%	>15%		
Capital generation	c.175bps	>200bps		
CET1 ratio target		Pay down to c.13.0%		
Capital distribution	Progressive and sustainable ordinary dividend			

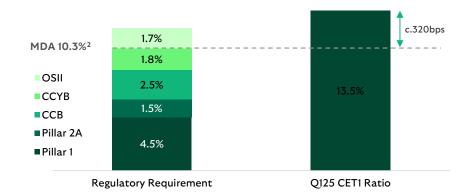
Capital, Funding & Liquidity



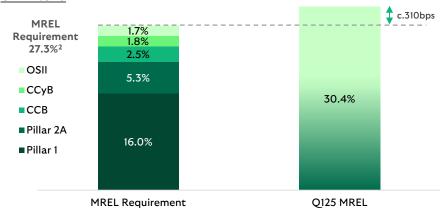
Prudent Capital Ratios

LLOYDS BANKING GROUP

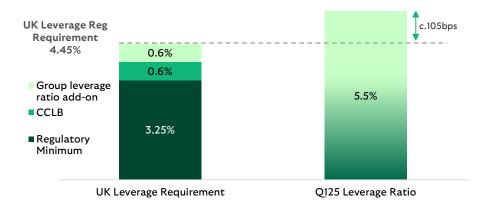
13.5% CET1 remains ahead of 10.3% MDA¹ and current target of c.13.0%



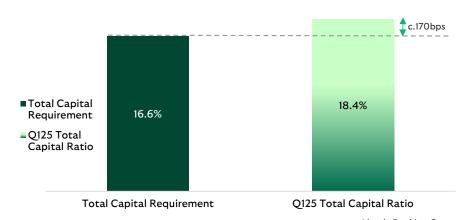
MREL remains strong and above regulatory requirement of 27.3%



UK leverage ratio above requirement of 4.45%



Total capital ratio of 18.4% ahead of 16.6% requirement



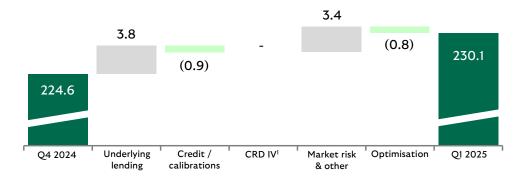
^{1 –} The Group's total regulatory requirement is c.12%. The MDA threshold is based on the combined buffer requirement, which excludes the equivalent of the Ring-Fenced Bank's O-SII. 2 - MDA and MREL equals 10.3% and 27.3% respectively when using unrounded regulatory requirements.

Lloyds Banking Group

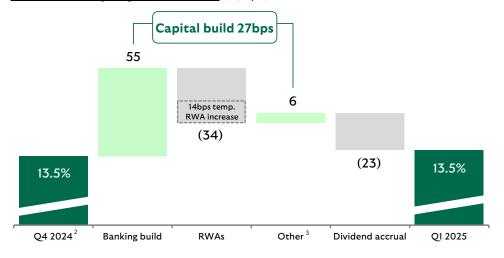
Strong underlying capital generation



Risk weighted assets (£bn)



Common equity tier 1 ratio (%, bps)



- RWAs £230.1bn, up £5.5bn
 - Strong lending growth plus c.£2.5bn temporary RWA increase which is expected to reverse by end Q3
- Capital generation of 27bps
 - Strong underlying build impacted by severance timing and temporary RWA increase
- Continue to expect 2025 capital generation to be c.175bps
- CET1 ratio 13.5%
 - Continue to expect to pay down to c.13% by end 2026

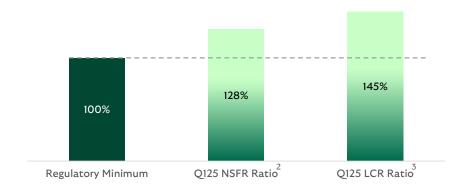
Diversified deposit base and robust liquidity portfolio



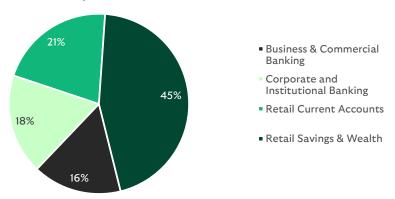
Deposits have steadily increased since 2019 driven primarily by Retail growth and remain stable (£bn)



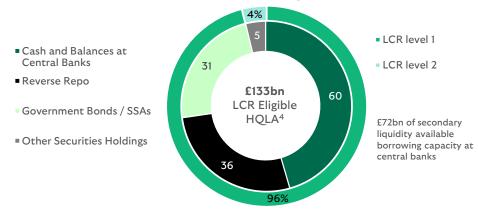
Liquidity ratios remain comfortably above requirements



<u>Diversified deposit base across Retail and Commercial, with c.56% of total deposits insured</u>¹



£133bn primary liquidity fully hedged for interest rate risk and supported by further immediate drawing capacity of £72bn



^{1 –} Insured being those deposits immediately eligible for deposit protection schemes (principally the FSCS in the UK). 2 – Calculated as an average of the four previous quarters. 3 – Calculated as an average of month-end observations over the previous 12 months. 4 – Calculated on a 12-month average basis.

2025 Wholesale Issuance



2025 Completed YTD

2025 Guidance

HoldCo Senior

- Refinancing maturities across core and noncore currencies
- Support the Group's balance sheet growth

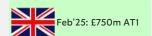


~£1.4bn

up to £4bn



- Ongoing refinancing to c.2.0% AT1 target and c.2.5% Tier 2 target
- Issuance across core and non-core currencies
- Q125 Ratios:
 - o AT1 ratio c.2.7% | Tier 2 ratio at c.2.2%



£750m

up to £2bn



- Supporting balance sheet growth in RFB & NRFB entities
- Continued deposit strength influences OpCo issuance needs
- · £22bn TFSME maturities outstanding

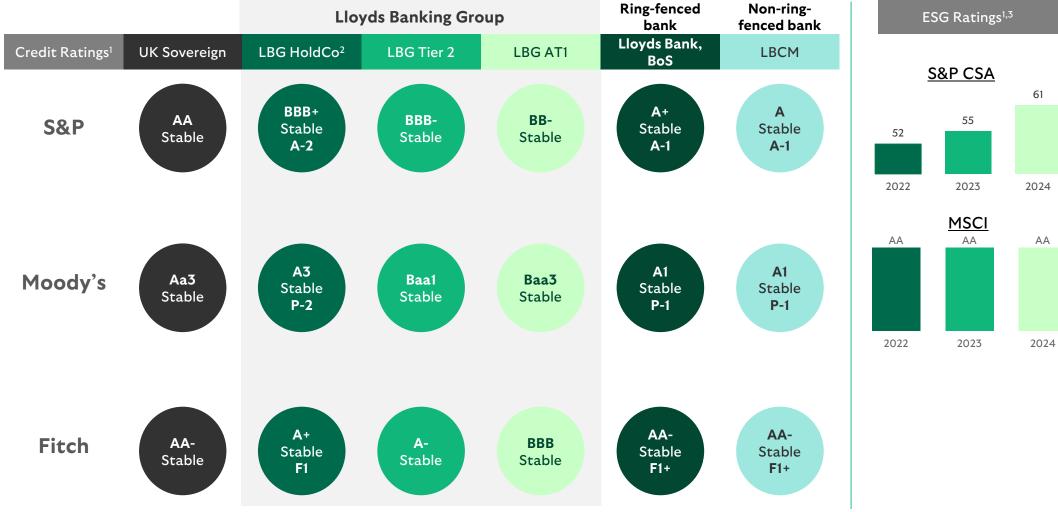


~£650m

up to £3bn

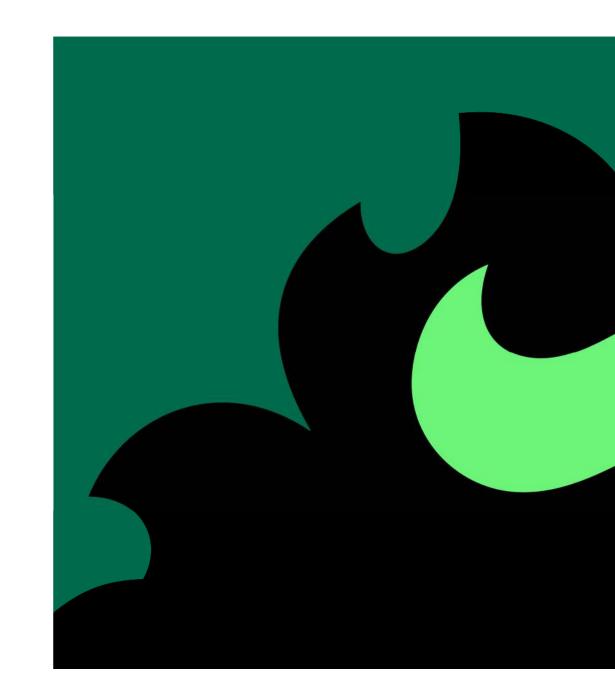
Strong ratings reaffirmed across the Group





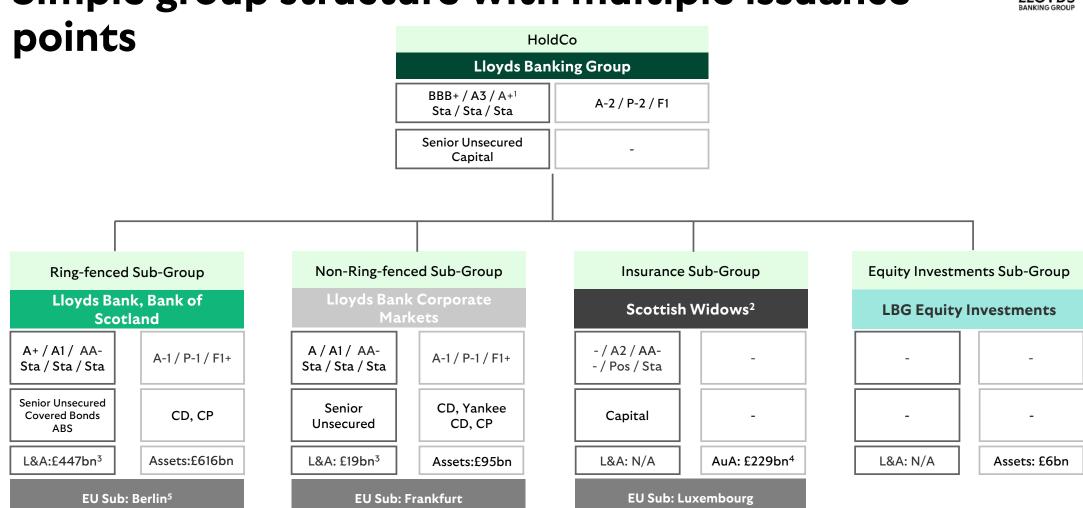
^{1 –} Ratings shown as of 31.03.2025 and credit ratings reflect senior unsecured issuer ratings – LT, outlook, ST 2 – LBG HoldCo issuer rating equivalent to HoldCo Senior Unsecured rating. 3 – Additional ESG Ratings can be found in our 2024 Sustainability Report

Appendix



Simple group structure with multiple issuance



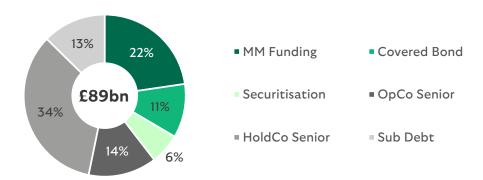


^{1 –} Ratings shown are senior unsecured in the order of S&P / Moody's / Fitch as at 31.03.2025. 2 – Ratings shown for Scottish Widows are Insurer Financial Strength Ratings. 3 – "L&A" refers to Loans & Advances to customers. 4 – Insurance AuA excludes Wealth but includes stockbroking. 5 – GmbH is the Group's German entity and is the issuer of RMBS via the Candide Programmes and Pfandbrief

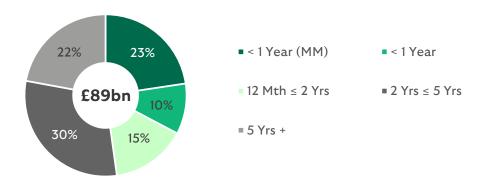
Diverse funding portfolio as at Q1 25



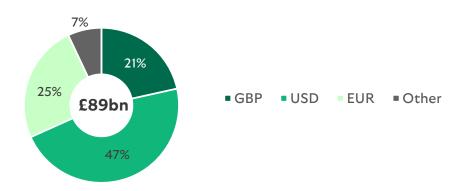
Wholesale funding portfolio by type



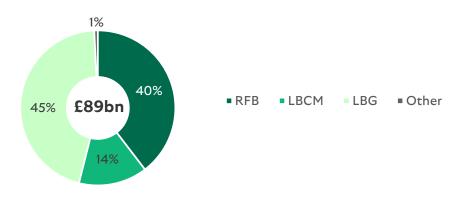
Wholesale funding portfolio by maturity



Wholesale funding portfolio by currency



Wholesale funding portfolio by entity



Quarterly P&L and key ratios



(£m)	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q1 2023
Net interest income	3,294	3,276	3,231	3,154	3,184	3,317	3,444	3,469	3,535
Other income	1,452	1,433	1,430	1,394	1,340	1,286	1,299	1,281	1,257
Operating lease depreciation	(355)	(331)	(315)	(396)	(283)	(371)	(229)	(216)	(140)
Net income	4,391	4,378	4,346	4,152	4,241	4,232	4,514	4,534	4,652
Operating costs	(2,550)	(2,450)	(2,292)	(2,298)	(2,402)	(2,486)	(2,241)	(2,243)	(2,170)
Remediation	-	(775)	(29)	(70)	(25)	(541)	(64)	(51)	(19)
Total costs	(2,550)	(3,225)	(2,321)	(2,368)	(2,427)	(3,027)	(2,305)	(2,294)	(2,189)
Underlying profit before impairment	1,841	1,153	2,025	1,784	1,814	1,205	2,209	2,240	2,463
Impairment (charge)/credit	(309)	(160)	(172)	(44)	(57)	541	(187)	(419)	(243)
Underlying profit	1,532	993	1,853	1,740	1,757	1,746	2,022	1,821	2,220
Restructuring	(4)	(19)	(6)	(3)	(12)	(85)	(44)	(13)	(12)
Volatility and other items	(11)	(150)	(24)	(41)	(117)	114	(120)	(198)	52
Statutory profit before tax	1,517	824	1,823	1,696	1,628	1,775	1,858	1,610	2,260
Statutory profit after tax	1,134	700	1,333	1,229	1,215	1,234	1,420	1,223	1,641
Net interest margin	3.03%	2.97%	2.95%	2.93%	2.95%	2.98%	3.08%	3.14%	3.22%
Average interest earning assets	£455.5bn	£455.1bn	£451.1bn	£449.4bn	£449.1bn	£452.8bn	£453.0bn	£453.4bn	£454.2bn
Cost:income ratio	58.1%	73.7%	53.4%	57.0%	57.2%	71.5%	51.1%	50.6%	47.1%
Asset quality ratio	0.27%	0.14%	0.15%	0.05%	0.06%	(0.47)%	0.17%	0.36%	0.22%
Return on tangible equity	12.6%	7.1%	15.2%	13.6%	13.3%	13.9%	16.9%	13.6%	19.1%
Tangible net asset value per share	54.4p	52.4p	52.5p	49.6p	51.2p	50.8p	47.2p	45.7p	49.6p

Updated economics scenarios



Scenario	ECL (£m)	Measure (%)	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Ave. 25-29
Harida (70%)		GDP	1.3	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6
		Unemployment rate	4.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3
	2,869	HPI growth	2.9	5.9	6.8	5.4	4.3	5.1
Upside (30%)	2,009	CRE price growth	6.1	5.7	2.6	1.0	0.4	3.2
		UK Bank Rate	4.43	4.72	4.86	5.06	5.20	4.85
		CPI inflation	3.3	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.0
		GDP	0.8	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3
		Unemployment rate	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6
Base case (30%)	3,296	HPI growth	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.9	2.1
base case (50%)	3,290	CRE price growth	1.3	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.3	0.9
		UK Bank Rate	4.19	3.63	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.66
		CPI inflation	3.4	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.7
	4,219	GDP	(0.2)	(0.9)	0.9	1.5	1.5	0.6
		Unemployment rate	5.6	7.4	7.6	7.3	7.0	7.0
Downside (30%)		HPI growth	0.5	(3.4)	(6.7)	(4.2)	(1.1)	(3.0)
Downside (30%)		CRE price growth	(4.7)	(5.7)	(1.7)	(2.2)	(2.3)	(3.4)
		UK Bank Rate	3.83	1.67	0.96	0.65	0.42	1.51
		CPI inflation	3.4	2.8	2.0	1.5	1.0	2.1
		GDP	(1.1)	(2.3)	0.7	1.4	1.5	-
Severe downside (10%)	6,285	Unemployment rate	6.8	10.0	10.2	9.7	9.3	9.2
		HPI growth	(0.6)	(8.4)	(13.8)	(9.6)	(5.0)	(7.6)
		CRE price growth	(12.5)	(13.3)	(7.1)	(5.7)	(4.9)	(8.8)
		UK Bank Rate – adj.	4.25	2.94	2.80	2.76	2.75	3.10
		CPI inflation – adj.	3.8	3.8	3.2	2.7	2.4	3.2
Probability								

Probability weighted 3,744

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This document contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the business, strategy, plans and/or results of Lloyds Banking Group plc together with its subsidiaries (the Group) and its current goals and expectations. Statements that are not historical or current facts, including statements about the Group's or its directors' and/or management's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as, without limitation, 'believes', 'achieves', 'anticipates', 'estimates', 'targets', 'should', 'intends', 'aims', 'projects', 'plans', 'potential', 'will', 'would', 'considered', 'likely', 'may', 'seek', 'estimate', 'probability', 'goal', 'objective', 'deliver', 'endeavour', 'prospects', 'optimistic' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements concern or may affect future matters, including but not limited to: projections or expectations of the Group's future financial position, including profit attributable to shareholders, provisions, economic profit, dividends, capital structure, portfolios, net interest margin, capital ratios, liquidity, risk-weighted assets (RWAs), expenditures or any other financial items or ratios; litigation, regulatory and governmental investigations; the Group's future financial performance; the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs; the Group's ESG targets and/or commitments; statements of plans, objectives or goals of the Group or its management and other statements that are not historical fact and statements of assumptions underlying such statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will or may occur in the future. Factors that could cause actual business, strategy, targets, plans and/or results (including but not limited to the payment of dividends) to differ materially from forwardlooking statements include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions in the UK and internationally (including in relation to tariffs); imposed and threatened tariffs and changes to global trade policies; acts of hostility or terrorism and responses to those acts, or other such events; geopolitical unpredictability; the war between Russia and Ukraine; the conflicts in the Middle East; the tensions between China and Taiwan; political instability including as a result of any UK general election; market related risks, trends and developments; changes in client and consumer behaviour and demand; exposure to counterparty risk; the ability to access sufficient sources of capital, liquidity and funding when required; changes to the Group's credit ratings; fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, exchange rates, stock markets and currencies; volatility in credit markets; volatility in the price of the Group's securities; natural pandemic and other disasters; risks concerning borrower and counterparty credit quality; risks affecting insurance business and defined benefit pension schemes; changes in laws, regulations, practices and accounting standards or taxation; changes to regulatory capital or liquidity requirements and similar contingencies; the policies and actions of governmental or regulatory authorities or courts together with any resulting impact on the future structure of the Group; risks associated with the Group's compliance with a wide range of laws and regulations; assessment related to resolution planning requirements; risks related to regulatory actions which may be taken in the event of a bank or Group failure: exposure to legal, regulatory or competition proceedings, investigations or complaints; failure to comply with anti-money laundering, counter terrorist financing, anti-bribery and sanctions regulations; failure to prevent or detect any illegal or improper activities; operational risks including risks as a result of the failure of third party suppliers; conduct risk; technological changes and risks to the security of IT and operational infrastructure, systems, data and information resulting from increased threat of cyber and other attacks; technological failure; inadequate or failed internal or external processes or systems; risks relating to ESG matters, such as climate change (and achieving climate change ambitions) and decarbonisation, including the Group's ability along with the government and other stakeholders to measure, manage and mitigate the impacts of climate change effectively, and human rights issues; the impact of competitive conditions; failure to attract, retain and develop high calibre talent; the ability to achieve strategic objectives; the ability to derive cost savings and other benefits including, but without limitation, as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; inability to capture accurately the expected value from acquisitions; assumptions and estimates that form the basis of the Group's financial

without limitation, as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; inability to capture accurately the expected value from acquisitions; assumptions and estimates that form the basis of the Group's financial statements; and potential changes in dividend policy. A number of these influences and factors are beyond the Group's control. Please refer to the latest Annual Report on Form 20-F filed by Lloyds Banking Group plc with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), which is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, for a discussion of certain factors and risks. Lloyds Banking Group plc may also make or disclose written and/or oral forward-looking statements in other written materials and in oral statements made by the directors, officers or employees of Lloyds Banking Group plc to third parties, including financial analysts. Except as required by any applicable law or regulation, the forward-looking statements contained in this document are made as of today's date, and the Group expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained in this document whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The information, statements and opinions contained in this document do not constitute a public offer under any applicable law or an offer to sell any securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or financial instruments.