

Lloyds Banking Group plc

Q1 2017 Interim Pillar 3 Report

27 April 2017

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This report presents the interim Pillar 3 disclosures of Lloyds Banking Group plc ('the Group') as at 31 March 2017 and should be read in conjunction with the Group's Q1 2017 Interim Management Statement.

The disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the European Banking Authority's revised guidelines on Pillar 3 disclosure formats and frequency that were published in December 2016. In addition to summary capital and leverage disclosures, the guidelines require specific templates to be disclosed on a quarterly basis and these are included within this report with the following exceptions:

- Disclosures required by Template CR8 (RWA flow statements of credit risk exposures under the IRB approach) have been covered through the analysis of risk-weighted asset movements by key driver.
- Template CCR7 (RWA flow statements of CCR exposures under the IMM) is not applicable to the Group.
- Template MR2-B (RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under the IMA) has been omitted on the grounds of materiality.

The information presented in this Pillar 3 report is not required to be, and has not been, subject to external audit.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document contains certain forward looking statements with respect to the business, strategy and plans of Lloyds Banking Group and its current goals and expectations relating to its future financial condition and performance. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about Lloyds Banking Group's or its directors' and/or management's beliefs and expectations, are forward looking statements. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will or may occur in the future. Factors that could cause actual business, strategy, plans and/or results (including but not limited to the payment of dividends) to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward looking statements made by the Group or on its behalf include, but are not limited to: general economic and business conditions in the UK and internationally; market related trends and developments; fluctuations in interest rates (including low or negative rates), exchange rates, stock markets and currencies; the ability to access sufficient sources of capital, liquidity and funding when required; changes to the Group's credit ratings; the ability to derive cost savings and other benefits including, but without limitation as a result of any acquisitions, disposals and other strategic transactions; changing customer behaviour including consumer spending, saving and borrowing habits; changes to borrower or counterparty credit quality; instability in the global financial markets, including Eurozone instability, the exit by the UK from the European Union (EU) and the potential for one or more other countries to exit the EU or the Eurozone and the impact of any sovereign credit rating downgrade or other sovereign financial issues; technological changes and risks to cyber security; natural, pandemic and other disasters, adverse weather and similar contingencies outside the Group's control; inadequate or failed internal or external processes or systems; acts of war, other acts of hostility, terrorist acts and responses to those acts, geopolitical, pandemic or other such events; changes in laws, regulations, accounting standards or taxation, including as a result of the exit by the UK from the EU, or a further possible referendum on Scottish independence; changes to regulatory capital or liquidity requirements and similar contingencies outside the Group's control; the policies, decisions and actions of governmental or regulatory authorities or courts in the UK, the EU, the US or elsewhere including the implementation and interpretation of key legislation and regulation; the ability to attract and retain senior management and other employees; requirements or limitations on the Group as a result of HM Treasury's investment in the Group; actions or omissions by the Group's directors, management or employees including industrial action; changes to the Group's post-retirement defined benefit scheme obligations; the extent of any future impairment charges or write-downs caused by, but not limited to, depressed asset valuations, market disruptions and illiquid markets; the value and effectiveness of any credit protection purchased by the Group; the inability to hedge certain risks economically; the adequacy of loss reserves; the actions of competitors, including non-bank financial services, lending companies and digital innovators and disruptive technologies; and exposure to regulatory or competition scrutiny, legal, regulatory or competition proceedings, investigations or complaints. Please refer to the latest Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission for a discussion of certain factors together with examples of forward looking statements. Except as required by any applicable law or regulation, the forward looking statements contained in this document are made as of today's date, and Lloyds Banking Group expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward looking statements. The information, statements and opinions contained in this document do not constitute a public offer under any applicable law or an offer to sell any securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect to such securities or financial instruments.

CAPITAL AND LEVERAGE DISCLOSURES

	Transitional		Fully loaded	
	At 31 Mar 2017 £ million	At 31 Dec 2016 £ million	At 31 Mar 2017 £ million	At 31 Dec 2016 £ million
Capital resources				
Common equity tier 1				
Shareholders' equity per balance sheet	44,303	43,020	44,303	43,020
Deconsolidation adjustments ¹	1,848	1,342	1,848	1,342
Other adjustments	(4,317)	(3,893)	(4,317)	(3,893)
Deductions from common equity tier 1	(11,246)	(11,185)	(11,246)	(11,185)
Common equity tier 1 capital	30,588	29,284	30,588	29,284
Additional tier 1 instruments	8,075	8,626	5,320	5,320
Deductions from tier 1	(1,292)	(1,329)	–	–
Total tier 1 capital	37,371	36,581	35,908	34,604
Tier 2 instruments and eligible provisions	11,032	11,113	7,580	7,918
Deductions from tier 2	(1,640)	(1,571)	(2,932)	(2,900)
Total capital resources	46,763	46,123	40,556	39,622
Total risk-weighted assets	213,715	215,534	213,715	215,534
Leverage				
Statutory balance sheet assets			817,416	817,793
Deconsolidation and other adjustments ¹			(160,140)	(169,370)
Off-balance sheet items			58,536	58,685
Total exposure measure			715,812	707,108
Ratios				
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio	14.3%	13.6%	14.3%	13.6%
Tier 1 capital ratio	17.5%	17.0%	16.8%	16.1%
Total capital ratio	21.9%	21.4%	19.0%	18.4%
Leverage ratio ²			5.0%	4.9%
Modified UK leverage ratio ³			5.4%	5.2%
Average modified UK leverage ratio ⁴			5.3%	
Average modified UK leverage exposure measure ⁵			663,917	

¹ Deconsolidation adjustments relate to the deconsolidation of certain Group entities for regulatory capital and leverage purposes, being primarily the Group's Insurance business.

² The countercyclical leverage ratio buffer is currently nil.

³ The Group's leverage ratio on a modified basis, excluding qualifying central bank claims from the exposure measure in accordance with the rule modification applied to the UK Leverage Ratio Framework.

⁴ The average modified UK leverage ratio is based on the average of the month end tier 1 capital and modified exposure measures over the quarter (1 January 2017 to 31 March 2017). The average of 5.3 per cent reflected a strengthening tier 1 capital position against a broadly flat exposure measure over the quarter.

⁵ The average modified UK leverage exposure measure is based on the average of the month end exposure measures over the quarter (1 January 2017 to 31 March 2017).

Overview of risk-weighted assets (Template OV1)

	At 31 Mar 2017 £m	At 31 Dec 2016 £m
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	161,630	162,650
Of which standardised approach	18,716	18,688
Of which the foundation rating-based (FIRB) approach	49,485	51,438
Of which the retail IRB (RIRB) approach	65,308	64,970
Of which corporates – specialised lending	13,105	13,469
Of which non-credit obligation assets	6,859	6,427
Of which equity IRB under the simple risk-weight or the internal models approach	8,157	7,658
Counterparty credit risk	8,945	9,623
Of which marked to market	6,843	7,552
Of which original exposure	–	–
Of which standardised approach	–	–
Of which internal ratings-based model method (IMM)	–	–
Of which comprehensive approach for credit risk mitigation (for SFTs)	701	712
Of which exposures to central counterparties (including trades, default fund contributions and initial margin)	598	495
Of which credit valuation adjustment (CVA)	803	864
Settlement risk	–	–
Securitisation exposures in banking book¹	4,148	3,971
Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	3,045	2,878
Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	45	–
Of which internal assessment approach (IAA)	797	825
Of which standardised approach	261	268
Market risk	2,773	3,147
Of which standardised approach	406	352
Of which internal model approaches	2,367	2,795
Large exposures	–	–
Operational risk	25,292	25,292
Of which basic indicator approach	–	–
Of which standardised approach	25,292	25,292
Of which advanced measurement approach	–	–
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	10,927	10,851
Floor adjustment	–	–
Total risk-weighted assets	213,715	215,534
Total minimum capital requirements	17,097	17,243

¹ Securitisations are shown separately in the table but are included within credit risk in the movement by key driver analysis.

Risk-weighted asset movements by key driver

	Credit risk IRB £m	Credit risk STA £m	Credit risk¹ £m	Counterparty credit risk² £m	Market risk £m	Operational risk £m	Total £m
Total risk-weighted assets as at 31 December 2016							215,534
Less total threshold risk-weighted assets ³							(10,851)
Risk-weighted assets as at 31 December 2016	147,665	18,956	166,621	9,623	3,147	25,292	204,683
Asset size	(679)	162	(517)	(150)	-	-	(667)
Asset quality	383	-	383	(345)	-	-	38
Model updates	(25)	-	(25)	-	-	-	(25)
Methodology and policy	(370)	(87)	(457)	-	-	-	(457)
Acquisitions and disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Movements in risk levels (market risk only)	-	-	-	-	(374)	-	(374)
Foreign exchange	(173)	(54)	(227)	(183)	-	-	(410)
Risk-weighted assets as at 31 March 2017	146,801	18,977	165,778	8,945	2,773	25,292	202,788
Threshold risk-weighted assets ³							<u>10,927</u>
Total risk-weighted assets as at 31 March 2017							<u>213,715</u>

¹ Credit risk includes securitisation risk-weighted assets.

² Counterparty credit risk includes movements in contributions to the default fund of central counterparties and movements in credit valuation adjustment risk.

³ Threshold risk-weighted assets reflect the element of significant investments and deferred tax assets that are permitted to be risk-weighted instead of being deducted from CET1 capital. Significant investments primarily arise from investments in the Group's Insurance business.

The risk-weighted assets movement table provides analysis of the reduction in risk-weighted assets in the period by risk type and an insight into the key drivers of the movements. The key driver analysis is compiled on a monthly basis through the identification and categorisation of risk-weighted asset movements and is subject to management judgment.

Movements in credit risk-weighted assets in the three months to 31 March 2017 were driven by the following:

- Asset size movements resulted in credit risk-weighted assets reducing by £0.5 billion due to continued active portfolio management partially offset by targeted growth in key customer segments.
- Asset quality movements capture movements resulting from changes in borrower risk, including changes in the economic environment. The net increases in credit risk-weighted assets of £0.4 billion primarily relate to countercyclical risk-weighting impacts rather than any underlying change in asset quality.
- Methodology and policy reductions of £0.5 billion primarily relate to capital efficient securitisation activity.
- Foreign exchange movements reflect the appreciation of Sterling which has contributed to a £0.2 billion decrease in credit risk-weighted assets.

Counterparty credit risk and CVA risk-weighted assets reduced by £0.7 billion mainly driven by foreign exchange and yield curve movements.

Market risk-weighted assets reduced by £0.4 billion largely due to a decrease in the value of long-dated inflation linked gilts and a decrease in interest rate exposure.

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