



Saturday 5 May 2018

NOT FOR BROADCAST OR PUBLICATION BEFORE 00.01 HRS SATURDAY 5 MAY 2018

## MILLION POUND HOUSE SALES HIT RECORD HIGH IN 2017

- Million pound home sales in Great Britain up 73% in the last decade
- Number of homes sold for more than a million pounds in 2017 grew by 5% compared to 2016
- Yorkshire and the Humber saw the greatest growth in year on year sales (60%),
  followed by the North West (46%) and West Midlands (28%)
- Second half recovery follows a slow start to the year

New house price data from Lloyds Bank Private Banking reveals that the number of properties sold for more than a million pounds in Great Britain grew by 5% in 2017, compared to the year before.<sup>1</sup>

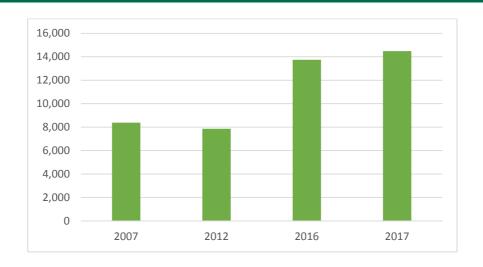
The first half of 2017 saw a 1% drop in million pound house sales, however a strong performance in the last six months of the year meant that sales increased by 5% overall. In total, 14,474 homes worth more than a million pounds were sold; up from 13,748 in 2016.

Over the past ten years the number of million pound house sales across Great Britain has increased dramatically, up by almost three quarters (73%) since 2007. This hasn't been steady though; 2012 saw a particularly poor year for sales, with only 7,862 transactions.





Saturday 5 May 2018



Source: Land Registry and the Registers of Scotland

## Yorkshire and the Humber sees exceptional growth

As expected, more than half (57%) of all million pound property sales took place in London last year. However, the number of transactions in the capital only increased by 1% year on year, whereas those in Yorkshire and the Humber rose by 60% in the same period. Similarly, sales in the North West were up by 46% compared to 2016, and increased by 28% in the West Midlands.

The only area in which million pound home sales fell last year was the East Midlands (-23%). This continues a longer-term trend; in 2007 there were 81 sold, whereas last year there were only 72 transactions recorded (-11%).

Louise Santaana, Head of UK Wealth Lending, Lloyds Banking Group, commented: "The million pound property market got off to a poor start last year, but made a good recovery in the second half. Overall, 2017 was slow for the UK economy, with high inflation and low wage growth. But high end homeowners and investors in many parts of Great Britain are starting to regain their confidence in the market, with exceptional growth seen in Yorkshire & The Humber and the North West of England.

## PRESS RELEASE



Saturday 5 May 2018

"As always, the highest number of transactions took place in the capital last year, however growth in London has started to slow for million pound properties. Overseas investors represent a good share of this end of the London market and some may be holding off buying, pending further clarity over Brexit.

"2018 will be an interesting year for the million pound property market. With the Government consulting on ways to improve the house buying process, we should see high end homeowners more empowered to engage in property transactions. However, the high cost of stamp duty may be an ongoing deterrent in the top end of the market, particularly for those who are looking to invest in property in order to make money, as opposed to buying a home.

"The market isn't only made up of buyers, however. There are thousands of homeowners occupying million pound properties across the country, many of whom may be considering downsizing, relocating or extending their existing homes. We would always urge anyone to seek advice about the most appropriate options available to them to transition property wealth into other assets or pass onto family members."

**ENDS** 





Saturday 5 May 2018

## Notes to editors:

<sup>1</sup>Table 1: regional million pound plus property sales: 2007, 2012, 2016, 2017

					1 Yr %	5 Yr %	10 Yr %
Region	2007	2012	2016	2017	Chan ge	Chan ge	Chan ge
London	4,525	5,160	8,243	8,308	1%	61%	84%
South East	2,066	1,589	3,025	3,377	12%	113%	63%
East of England	604	493	1,191	1,208	1%	145%	100%
South West	385	252	558	676	21%	168%	76%
North West	242	82	202	294	46%	259%	21%
West Midlands	112	64	155	198	28%	209%	77%
Scotland	222	114	152	158	4%	39%	-29%
Yorkshire and The Humber	88	42	83	133	60%	217%	51%
East Midlands	81	48	94	72	-23%	50%	-11%
North East	34	10	24	27	13%	170%	-21%
Wales	20	8	21	23	10%	188%	15%
Great Britain	8,379	7,862	13,748	14,474	5%	84%	73%

Source: Land Registry and the Registers of Scotland

This report is prepared from information that we believe is collated with care, however, it is only intended to highlight issues and it is not intended to be comprehensive. We reserve the right to vary our methodology and to edit or discontinue/withdraw this, or any other report. Any use of this report for an individual's own or third party commercial purposes is done entirely at the risk of the person making such use and solely the responsibility of the person or persons making such reliance. © Lloyds Bank plc all rights reserved 2018.

Data produced by Land Registry © Crown copyright 2018.

© Crown copyright material reproduced with the permission of Registers of Scotland

This information is intended for the sole use of journalists and media professionals.